

ADVERTISEMENT.

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If you want **Socory** Motor Gasoline, look for the red, white and blue sign on service stations and garages.

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Standard Oil Co. of N. Y.

BIG LOSSES HALT VERDUN ATTACKS

Germans Exhausted by Efforts to Win Thiaumont Line.

BRITISH PREPARE FOR NEW ASSAULTS

Artillery Supplies Increasing—French Troops on Skis Win in Vosges.

Paris, June 14.—The fighting around Verdun has once more died down from sheer exhaustion of the combatants.

An entire division, half of whom were Bavarians and half Pomeranians, was used up by the Germans in twelve separate attempts on Monday to storm the French position north of Thiaumont. From this position the French flanking fire prevents the enemy from advancing on Vaux plateau. No result having been brought by nightfall, fresh troops were brought up, and an attempt was made to turn the position from the southwest. After a desperate struggle a footing was obtained in some of the trenches on Hill 321, half a mile west of Thiaumont and a mile east of Bras. No effect was made to increase this advantage yesterday or to-day, owing, probably, to the losses on Monday, which, according to prisoners, were exceptionally heavy. A man belonging to the 16th Russian Infantry stated that his regiment had been in reserve for a big offensive against the last forts of Verdun, but that it had been thrown in to support the troops attacking Thiaumont, and had lost nearly a third of its effectives.

URGES ECONOMIC UNION OF ALLIES

Briand Tells Entente Conference Trade of World Must Be Freed.

Paris, June 14.—Premier Briand delivered an address of welcome to-day to the delegates to the economic conference of the Entente Allies.

"It is not enough to conquer by military might," he said, "There must also be diplomatic and economic union, which will bring about intensive development of the material resources of the Allies, exchange of their products and distribution among the markets of the world. We have to ensure economic liberation of the world, to restore healthy commercial methods and to recover our commercial independence."

In connection with the proposed changes in trade policies the Premier made the following significant statement:

"If it is found that ancient errors have permitted our enemies to exercise irremediable tyranny upon the productive forces of the world, you will abandon them resolutely in order to proceed along new lines."

The conference differs from the previous gatherings held during the war to consider questions of economics as affecting the Entente Allies. The earlier conferences were largely academic and the delegates did not represent the governments. The present assemblage is for the direct interchange of views among the governments concerned, which are represented by leading members of the cabinets of each Allied country. The Ministers of Commerce of all the Allies and the Ministers of Finance of four nations are present.

The sessions are secret, and will continue for several days. The main purpose is to evolve a general policy, which will be applicable after the war, to secure joint trade relations among the Allies and to prevent renewal of Germany's commercial expansion in the markets of the Allied nations.

The proceedings of the conference to-day were secret. Reports that it would consider the losses the various countries have sustained during the war were not confirmed, but Premier Briand's address made an allusion to the enormous extent of these losses, particularly in occupied territory, where the occupying forces, he pointed out, had shown no respect for accumulated resources, the vast stocks and equipment of factories, all of which would have to be replaced.

130 BRITISH WARSHIPS LOST

Germans Put Tonnage of Destroyed Vessels at 600,000.

Berlin, June 14 (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.).—The losses of the British navy during the war are placed by German newspapers at more than 600,000 tons.

"Up to the time of the recent great battle in the North Sea," says the Overseas News Agency, "the British lost eleven battlecruisers, fifteen armored cruisers and eleven other cruisers. To this must be added thirty torpedo-boats, twenty gunboats, twenty submarines and other vessels, with an aggregate tonnage of 600,000. These losses were increased as a result of the Skagerrak battle to more than 130 units, with a total tonnage exceeding 600,000."

RUSSIANS GAIN 20 MILES IN BUKOWINA

Continued from page 1

homb throwers, bringing up troops and even preparing cavalry for a charge. These preparations were watched by Russian observers.

When the stage was properly set, instead of the expected advance the Russians let loose another shower of shells more violent than any of the previous ones, causing terrible slaughter and demoralization in the opposing ranks. In the heels of which they began a forward movement.

The small number of commanding officers captured in proportion to the number of soldiers attributed by military experts to the confusion existing in the Austrian armies due to the suddenness and energy of the Russian drive. It shows, it is argued, that the Russian control of the men and abandoned them to their fate at critical moments.

Along the whole front, from the southwest of Polesia to the Romanian frontier, our troops continued to drive back the enemy. During yesterday 20 officers and about 6,000 men were taken prisoner. We have taken 6 cannon, 10 machine guns and many artillery and ammunition wagons. The total of prisoners and trophies captured during the operations amount to nearly 120,000 men, 1,750 officers, 130 cannon and 260 machine guns.

"Reports which have been received state that the enemy abandoned at certain points quantities of various war materials of such bulk as to make it impossible to give an exact description at such short notice, as an instance, we found abandoned sufficient rails for field railway to cover thirty versts (about twenty miles)."

"On the Vladimir-Volynski Road the enemy displays stubborn resistance. The battles continue west of the village of Zaturze, half way between Lutsk and Vladimir-Volynski.

"In the region of Zaturze the Co-

RUSSIANS WIN NEAR DUBNO

West of Dubno our troops pushed the enemy before them and reached beyond the village of Demidovka, and the southwest of Dubno captured the village of Kozine. North of Buczyn, in the region on the right bank of the Stripa, the enemy tried powerful counter attacks. In the fighting yesterday our troops crowded the enemy back and occupied the heights on the west bank of the Stripa.

"South of the Dniester we occupied the town of Bnatyn (northwest of Czernowitz). Fighting for the possession of the Czernowitz bridgehead continues.

"On the Dvina front the Germans violently bombarded the Eskull bridgehead. South of Smorzon we repulsed an enemy attempt to approach our positions. In the region of Baranovichi and southward to the Polesie region there were several engagements yesterday with considerable enemy forces."

The German official communication reads:

"South of Lake Narocz reconnoitering detachments destroyed advanced enemy fortifications and brought back sixty prisoners.

"North of Baranovichi the Russians, after a violent artillery preparation, advanced to the attack with dense masses of troops. They attempted seven times to storm our positions, but were repulsed completely, and suffered very heavy losses.

"German aviators in the last few days have carried out operations behind the Russian front. Repeatedly troop trains have been brought to a standstill and railway establishments have been destroyed."

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Lane Bryant

is the ONLY one built for the true maternity figure and shaped as a shallow bowl to support the baby.

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beke a portion of our new positions was lost during the course of yesterday's fighting.

"On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) positions of the enemy west and south of Thiaumont Farm were captured during the battles of June 12 and 13. During these operations we captured 733 Frenchmen, including 27 officers and 15 machine guns.

"German patrols conducted effective operations near Maricourt, in the Somme, and in the Argonne."

K. OF K. HONORED AT MEMORIAL SERVICE

Americans, British and Canadians Pay Tribute to Kitchener.

Trinity Church was filled to its outer corridors and a slender stream of solemn faced men and women overflowed into the street at noon yesterday as Americans, British and Canadians bowed their heads in tribute to the memory of Lord Kitchener.

Members of six British and Anglo-American societies participated in the memorial services for the man they credited with showing England her duty in the war. The entire service was formal, and included only one reference to the man for whom it was held. But the number of men and women who took part in it was sufficient evidence of the genuineness of their feelings.

The full church choir took part in the ceremony, which was conducted by the rector, the Rev. William T. Manning, and the Rev. Milo Gates, of Intercession Chapel. The memorial consisted of a special musical service, readings from the Scriptures and prayers, and was concluded by a silent procession of the choir to the strains of Beethoven's Funeral March.

The rector's brief prayer, which contained the one reference to the purpose of the memorial, was as follows: "O Lord Jesus Christ, who art the resurrection and the life, we beseech Thee to remember in mercy the soul of Thy servant, Horatio Herbert Kitchener, which Thou hast taken to Thyself, and his constant devotion to duty."

The service was arranged under the direction of the societies of St. George, St. Andrew and St. David, the Canadian Society, the British Society and the University Society and the Pilgrims Society. Among those present in the reserved pews near the altar were: Lord and Lady Aberdeen, Chauncey M. Depew, Captain Guy Gaunt, British naval attaché, Major General Leonard Wood, the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Eaton, president of the Canadian Society; St. George's, Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University; Llewellyn R. Reese, president of St. David's; Henry Clews, John Sloane, A. E. Gallatin, John W. Stuart and William Chancy, secretary of the Canadian Society.

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DUTCH WOMEN DEMAND CUT IN FOOD PRICES

Minister of Interior Gives Them Hope of Relief.

London, June 14.—Hundreds of Dutch women went to the Prime Minister to-day to demand that measures be taken to enable the working classes to obtain food by having prices reduced, says Reuter's correspondent at The Hague.

The Minister of the Interior received the deputation, and told the women of the measures the government had taken. He said he expected a reduction in the prices of pork, potatoes and vegetables.

The minister admitted that excessive exportations had caused the scarcity in potatoes, but said he hoped this situation would be remedied by the seizure of stocks of potatoes and a prohibition against their exportation.

RUSSIAN VICTORIES DUE TO AMERICAN MUNITIONS

Geneva, Switzerland, June 14.—Information received from the Austro-Swiss frontier indicates that the successes obtained by the Russians have been due largely to American supplies of ammunition and guns. Japanese transports are aiding greatly in bringing in these supplies.

The "Military Journal," published in Austria, states that without the assistance of American supplies it would be impossible for Russia, which has comparatively few ammunition factories, to undertake such a strong offensive over a long front.

OFFENSIVE NEAR, ASQUITH HINTS

Russian Advance One of Most Brilliant Feats of War, He Asserts.

AID TO GEN. JOFFRE OFFERED BY BRITISH

Premier Gives Survey of Situation to Constituency—Praises Navy and French Valor.

Ladybank, Scotland, June 14.—Premier Asquith in an address here to-day, without making the direct statement, hinted that a great offensive was about to be begun by the Allies.

Cooperation among the general staffs of the Allies was becoming more intimate and complete every month, he said. British assistance had been offered to General Joffre, and the steps which would be taken were those dictated by sound strategy.

The occasion was the thirtieth anniversary of the Premier's election to the House of Commons from East Fife, and it was his first visit to his constituency since the outbreak of the war.

In a survey of the situation, Mr. Asquith declared the Russian advance one of the most brilliant feats of the war, described the increasing effectiveness of Italian resistance to the Austrians and revealed that British aid had been offered in the defence of Verdun.

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PREDICT SUCCESS OF RUSSIAN LOAN

\$15,000,000 of \$50,000,000 Already Subscribed For.

Bankers connected with the flotation of the new \$50,000,000 loan to Russia said yesterday that already \$15,000,000 of the issue has been sold. Under the terms of the syndicate has the option of purchasing 5 per cent five-year dollar bonds of the Russian government at 94 1/2, minus a commission of 1/2 per cent, making the net price to the bankers equal to 94 1/4.

The distributing bankers may in turn sell them at not less than 94 1/2, except by agreement of not less than 50 per cent of the holders of the participation receipts.

BRITISH ENTER KERMAN

General Sykes Expected to Maintain Order in Southeastern Persia.

London, June 14.—A Reuter dispatch from Teheran says that General Sykes, with a British column, on Monday entered Kerman, the principal town of Southeastern Persia.

The purpose of this movement is not known publicly here, but presumably it is intended to maintain order in the British sphere of Persia. Minor disturbances there have been attributed to German and Turkish emissaries.

Saved from River: Held Prisoner.

John Fitzgibbon was saved from drowning in the Bronx River, at Saw Mill Lane yesterday afternoon, only to be made a prisoner at the Fordham Hospital on a charge of attempting suicide. Andrew Grossman, of 75 Southern Boulevard, rescued him and, after resuscitating him, turned him over to a patrolman.

Russians Cut Meat Meals.

London, June 14.—The Russian Duma has adopted a bill calling for abstention from eating meat four days in each week, according to a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd.

Songs our Mothers Sang

THE sweetest memories we cherish of childhood are the old, half-forgotten melodies we heard from our mother's lips.

Let these Columbia Records bring back the happiness of those bygone days with the splendid warmth and tenderness of tone that makes them records of human reality.

The Columbia list of ballad singers includes some of the most eminent artists on the concert-stage today.

The foremost artists in every field are making Columbia Double-Disc Records—singers like Fremstad, Seagle, Graveure, and instrumentalists like Ysaye and Casals. You can hear their records whenever you want at any Columbia dealer's store.

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